Activities/Pages in your Sketchbook

- Three questions about Art History + Everything you know about Art History
- Everything you know about Ancient Greece & Ancient Rome
- Greek Notes & "Stamps" with titles
- Roman Notes & "Stamps" with titles
- Venus with arms & background OR Augustus with text & background
- Romanesque Notes & "Stamps" with titles
- Gothic Notes & "Stamps" with titles
- Extension of "Damned Souls" relief OR Stained Glass Window
- Renaissance Notes & "Stamps with titles
- Mannerism & Baroque Notes & "Stamps" with titles
- Three Davids story & scene
- Neo-Classical & Romanticism Notes & "Stamps" with titles
- Neo-Classical "Building" Design
- Realism & Photography Notes & "Stamps" with titles
- BONUS: Realistic Drawing of your own Hand
- Impressionist Painting Similarities/Differences
- Impressionism & Post-Impressionism Notes & "Stamps" with titles
- 20th C. Painting Notes & "Stamps" with titles
- "van Gogh" Self-Portrait with oil pastel OR "Pollock Painting" with colored pencil
- 20th C. Sculpture Similarities/Differences
- 20th C. Sculpture Notes & "Stamps" with titles
- 20th C. Architecture Notes & "Stamps" with titles
- Calder-like Mobile drawing OR Drawing of Modern (Ronchamp) Chapel
- Harlem Renaissance Print Similarities/Differences
- Harlem Renaissance Notes & "Stamps" with titles
- One-page Review/Summary of your FAVORITE time period & artwork

TODAY'S ACTIVITIES 20 January 2015

- Take EVERYTHING out of your bin
- 2) Find your new place

3) Have a seat quietly

TODAY'S PROJECT:

Art History

- Introduction

- 1) In your NEW sketchbook
- 2) Answer these questions:
 - a) What is art history?
 - b) When did it start?
 - c) Why is it important?
 - d) Write down everything else you know about art history – artists, time periods, movements, artworks.
- 3) This is a quiet by-yourself activity!!

Class Time: 5th 1:01 - 1:51

7th 2:55 - 3:45

TODAY'S ACTIVITIES 21 January 2015

- 1) Take out Sketchbook
- 2) Write down everything you know about Ancient Greece and Ancient Rome

TODAY'S PROJECT:

Art History

- Introduction
- Greek, Roman

Class Time: 5th 1:01 - 1:51

7th 2:55 - 3:45

Greek Art HIGHLIGHTS

- Historically
 - First Olympics
 - Alexander the Great
 - Aristotle
 - Buddha
- **Aesthetic Aspects**
 - Gods & Goddesses
 - Male Athletic Figure
 - Post & Beam Architecture
 - Styles = Doric & Ionic
 - The IDEAL



Spear Bearer



Venus de Milo



Roman Art HIGHLIGHTS

- Historically
 - Pompeii Destroyed
 - Birth of Christ
 - Cleopatra ruled Egypt
 - Constantine converted Rome to Christianity
 - Gaius Julius Caesar Ruled
- Aesthetic Aspects
 - Motion in Sculpture
 - Realistic (naturalistic) Portraits of important People
 - Mastered use of ARCH and DOME
 - Style = Corinthian
 - **Developed Concrete**
 - Strongly influenced by Greek Art
 - Artists and Architects are Recorded



Head Of Constantine



Coliseum

Choose ONE of these Activities

Greek Art ACTIVITY

- Cut out Venus de Milo
 cut close to the
 body/fabric
- Glue her onto the next blank page
- Add her arms such that she is doing some activity
- Add background/location for Venus and her activity
- Use colored pencils to render Venus and the scene



Roman Art ACTIVITY

- Cut out Augustus & speaking bubble – cut close to the body/fabric & bubble
- Glue him onto the next blank page
- Add text to the bubble
- Add background & location for Augustus
- Use colored pencils to render Augustus and the scene







I LOVE Losplaying!



Romanesque HIGHLIGHTS

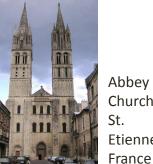
- Historically
 - Christianity exploding
 - World not destroyed in 1,000
 - Christianity/Church became dominant force in European society and culture
- **Aesthetic Aspects**
 - Thick stone

Architecture:

- Some marble facing
- Christian in purpose
- **Small windows**
- Round arches
- Provided instruction
- Place for pilgrims to worship
- Art (mostly sculpture)
 - Reliquaries (hold relics)
 - Instructional biblical reliefs
 - Crowded compositions
 - Agitated, pushed against frame
 - Strong emotional impact
 - Swirling drapery
 - Lack of real body existence



Portal of St. Lazare, Autun Gislebertus



Abbey Church, St. Etienne,





Gothic HIGHLIGHTS

- Historically
 - **Cities Growing**
 - Church is major influence on daily life
 - 1347 Black Death
 - 1325 Aztecs found Tenochtitlan
- **Aesthetic Aspects**
 - **CATHEDRALS**
 - Pointed arch
 - Ribbed vault
 - Flying buttress More elaborate

 - Taller = reaching for heaven
 - Stained glass
 - Elaborately detailed
 - Bible stories
 - Sculpture
 - Starts long and thin
 - Moves towards more realistic



Chartres Cathedral



Annunciation/Visitation Reims Cathedral



Chartres Stained Glass Rose Window

Choose ONE of these Activities

Romanesque Art ACTIVITY



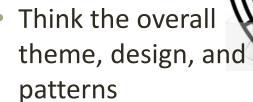
- Cut out strip from Autun Cathederal
- Glue it
 horizontally in the
 middle of the next
 blank page



- Continue drawing "Damned Souls" in both directions
- Use colored pencils to render the souls

Gothic Art ACTIVITY

 Use your pencil to create your own round "stained glass window" on the next blank page



 Use colored pencils to fill in the "window"



(Fold in middle of Sketchbook)



<< Continue Sculpture both Directions >>



Create your own round stained glass window

(Fold in middle of Sketchbook)







Renaissance Highlights

- Rediscovery of lifelike art and architecture of Ancient Greece & Rome
 - ❖Beauty of the human form
 - Proportion and balance
 - Harmony in all things

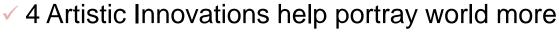






Mona Lisa, da Vinci

- Scientific study of human anatomy
 - Curiosity and interest in the natural world
 - Desire to understand how bodies work



"realistically"

- ❖Invention of oil paint
- Perspective
- Light and shading
- Pyramidal Configuration



Dome, Florence Cathedral, Brunelleschi



Birth of Venus, Boticelli

Mannerism & Baroque Highlights

- Mannerism
 - Emotional, Formal De-Emphasized
 - Individual Styles (pluralism)
 - Religious Fervor



- Church Sponsored, Started in Rome
- Revival of Catholic Church
- ❖ Dynamic, Opulent
- ❖Subject = religious images
- ✓ Baroque in Holland
 - ❖ Reformation = No Art in Churches
 - ❖ Democratic = no nobility or court
 - Larger Middle Class
 - ❖Art for Personal, Homes
 - ❖Subjects = landscapes, portraits



David, Bernini



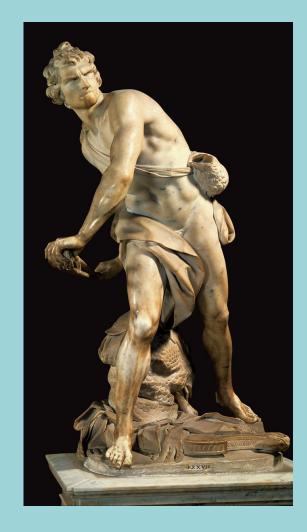
Resurrection of Christ, El Greco



Woman Holding a Balance, Vermeer



Las Meninas, Velasquez









Create a SCENE using the three Davids in your sketchbook

- Tightly cut out each of the three Davids (like this
- Place them in a narrative scene together
- Use colored pencils to render the scene



Neo-Classicism & Romanticism Highlights

- ✓ Neo-Classicism
 - Dictated by Napoleon
 - Reaction against frivolity of Baroque & Rococo
 - Discovery of Pompeii
 - Precision, Smooth
 - ❖Intellectual, Academic



Church of the Madeleine, Vignon

Oath of the Horatii,
David



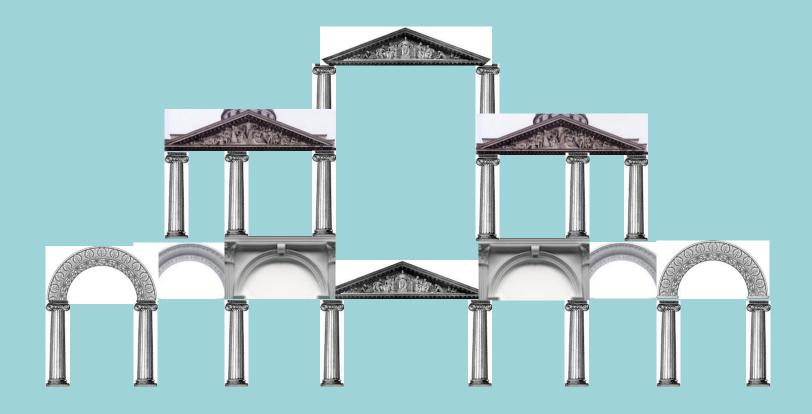
- Romanticism
 - Irritated with restrictions of NeoClassical
 - More Emotional
 - Realm of Imagination
 - Individualism
 - Revival of interest in King Arthur



Royal Pavilion, Nash



Third of May, 1808, Goya



Create your own NEO-CLASSICAL building in your sketchbook

- Cut out the columns, arches, and pediments
- Arrange them into an interesting building
- Glue them into place



Realism & Photography Highlights

- ✓ Realism
 - Straight-Forward, Hard edged (no idealizing)
 - Everyday themes
 - Unflinching in representing REALITY
 - ❖ Details, Technical Skill
 - Using Photography to Show as IS



Third Class Carriage, Daumier



Bonjour Monsieur Courbet, Courbet



Breezing Up (A Fair Wind)
Homer



- From camera obscura
- New technology
- Could capture motion
- Could paint from photos



Boulevard du Temple,

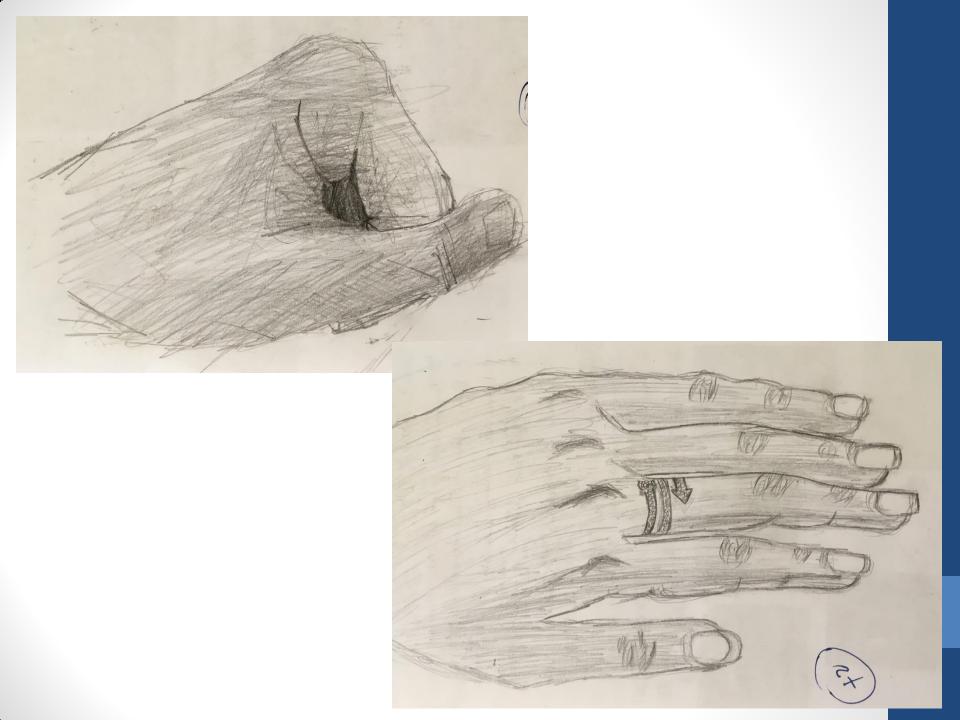
Daguerre

BONUS Activity



Create a REALISTIC drawing of YOUR hand in your sketchbook

- Do a light line drawing (not a tracing)
- Pay attention to proportions and how it looks to you
- Add middle and dark values with your line drawing
- May hold an object



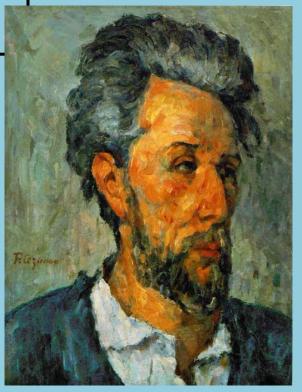
TODAY'S ACTIVITIES 29 January 2015

- 1) Take out sketchbook
- Look at the two Paintings to the right
- 3) Write down five SIMILARITIES and five DIFFERENCES

TODAY'S PROJECT:

Art History

- Introduction
- Greek, Roman
- Romanesque, Gothic
- Renaissance
- Mannerism & Baroque
- Neo-Classicism & Romanticism
- Realism & Photography
- Impressionism/Post-Impressionism & 20th C Painting





Class Time: 5th 1:01 - 1:51

7th 2:55 - 3:45

Impressionism & Post-**Impressionism**

- Highlights
 Short, visible brushstrokes
- Unblended paint
- Emphasis on depiction of LIGHT
- Common, ordinary subject matter
- Inclusion of movement
- Colors took precedence over lines & contours
- Often painted outdoors
- First show in 1874
- Very controversial at first contrary to the established artistic traditions
- Heavily influenced by industrial revolution



Monet, Impression Sunrise



Cassatt. The Bath



Van Gogh, Starry Night



Rodin, Balzac



Gaudi, Casa Battlo

20th Century - Painting

Highlights

Became more about interior vision (and less about exterior visual reality)



- Extreme break with the past breaking all the rules – color, form, accurate representation
 - Looking for freedom of expression
- Style changed at a very rapid pace as communication and technology developed
- Abstraction became the standard – painting became about painting itself



Duchamp, Nude Descending a Staircase



Picasso, Guernica



Chagall, I and the Village



Pollock, Lavender Mist

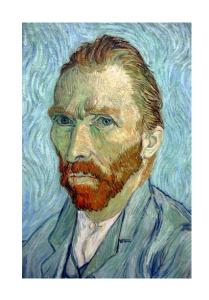


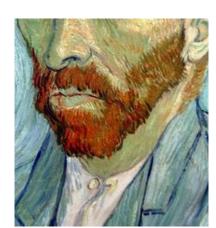
Kahlo, Self Portrait with Thorn Necklace, Hummingbird, cat, & Monkey

Choose ONE of these Activities

Impressionist ACTIVITY

- Draw a portrait of yourself in the style of van Gogh in your sketchbook
- Do a light pencil line drawing first
- Use oil pastels to make marks like van Gogh

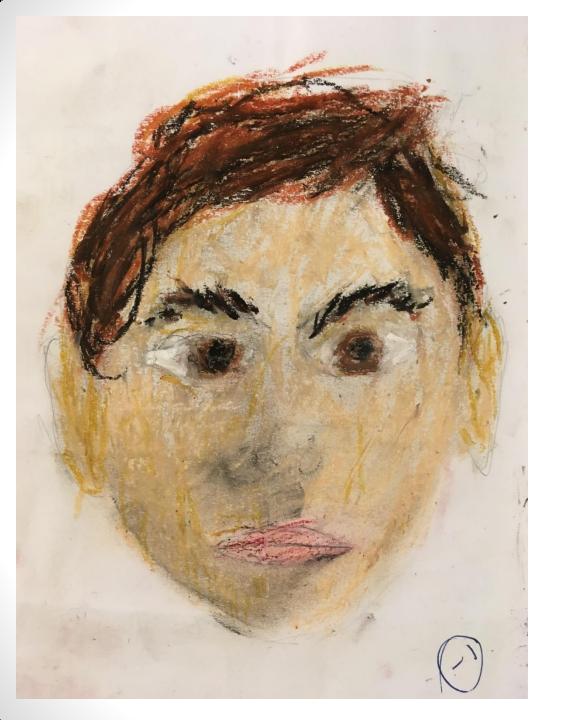




20th C Painting ACTIVITY

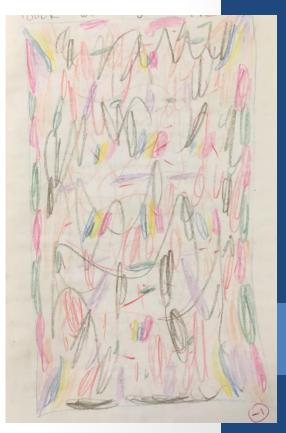
- Create a drawing like Jackson
 Pollock in your sketchbook
- Use the colored pencils to create scribbly lines and solid shapes
- Create some sense of rhythm and repetition
- Start in the middle and fill the page solidly towards the edges











TODAY'S ACTIVITIES 30 January 2015

- 1) Take out sketchbook
- Look at the two Sculptures to the right
- 3) Write down five SIMILARITIES and five DIFFERENCES

TODAY'S PROJECT:

Art History

- Introduction
- Greek, Roman
- Romanesque, Gothic
- Renaissance
- Mannerism & Baroque
- Neo-Classicism & Romanticism
- Realism & Photography
- Impressionism/Post-Impressionism & 20th C Painting
- 20th C Sculpture & Architecture





Class Time: 5th 1:01 - 1:51

7th 2:55 - 3:45

20th Century - Sculpture Highlights

- Anti-realism, a.k.a.
 abstraction is pushed to the
 extreme (Minimalism)
- Eliminating details and realism
- Metal (steel, aluminum) replaced Stone (marble, etc) as the dominant material
- Construction replaced modeling (casting) as the main method
- New forms included mobiles and assemblages
- Experimentation became the strongest theme





Brancusi, Bird in Space



Calder, Flamingo



Calder, Star



Nevelson, Sky Cathedral

20th Century - Architecture

Highlights

- Plurality many different styles
- Geometry of Modernism gives way to the experimentation & variety of Post-Modernism
- No longer looking at the classical forms of the past
- New materials glass, steel, titanium
- New technologies for construction allowed for more open and dynamic constructions – cantilevers, curves



Hadid, Maxxi



Wright, Falling Water



Piano & Rogers, Centre Pompidou

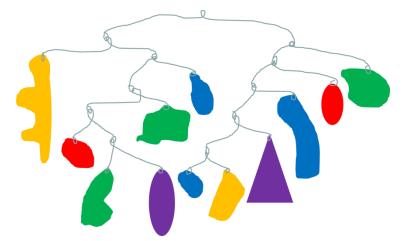


Gehry, Guggenheim Bilbao

Choose ONE of these Activities

20th C Sculpture ACTIVITY

- Create your own Calder-like mobile in your sketchbook
- Use solid shapes of construction paper connected by lines representing wires
- Think about how it might balance
- Think about it being FUN



20th C Architecture ACTIVITY

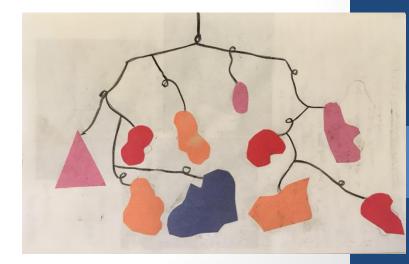
- Draw a picture of this Modern Chapel in your sketchbook
- Start out with a line drawing
 - Big forms first
 - Then details
- Then fill in using a wide range of values













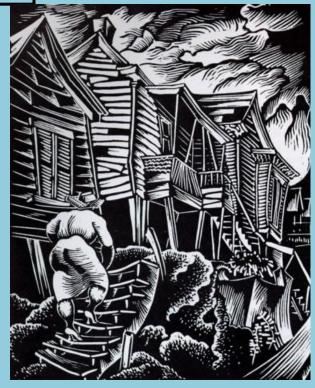
TODAY'S ACTIVITIES 02 February 2015

- 1) Take out sketchbook
- Look at the two Paintings to the right
- 3) Write down five SIMILARITIES and five DIFFERENCES

TODAY'S PROJECTS

Art History

- Introduction
- Greek, Roman
- Romanesque, Gothic
- Renaissance
- Mannerism & Baroque
- Neo-Classicism & Romanticism
- Realism & Photography
- Impressionism/Post-Impressionism & 20th C Painting
- 20th C Sculpture & Architecture
- Harlem Renaissance





Class Time: 5th 1:01 - 1:51

7th 2:55 - 3:45

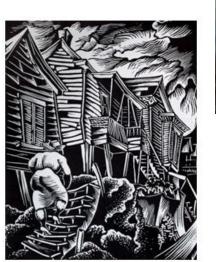
20th Century – Harlem Renaissance

Highlights

- Occurred between 1900 and 1930s
- Result of the Great Migration (1916-19)
 - 700,000 African-Americans migrate from south to north
- Largest gathering of African-American intellectuals in one place – ever – in
 New York City
- Explosion of arts created out of the African-American experience – music, dance, literature, poetry, and visual arts – including both national and international recognition



Jacob Lawrence, Great Migration Series



Hale Woodruff, Returning Home



Aaron Douglas, Into Bondage